December 30, 1692.—Robert Stewart, messenger, against the Master of Salton. mentioned 30th Nov. 1692. The Lords having considered the condescendence of his damage given in, they inclined to think the sum was included, and due nomine damni; but in regard they had already found the letters not obligatory on the Master to pay the sum; therefore they declared the import of the letters to be this, that he should not make use of the gift of his grandfather's liferent-escheat. or any other right in his person, to exclude or debar Stewart from payment. For having promised to endeavour his payment, he could not obtrude any right in his person to obstruct it; and found if he had hitherto stopped his access to his grandfather's liferent-lands, then he should be simply liable, and also found him liable by the letters in quantum he was lucratus by the sale of Auchirie's, above what paid Jameson of Parkmur's debt; some inclined to make him simply liable, because by the gift of escheat he had intromitted with more than would pay this debt of Mr Andrew Massie's; but the Lords by a plurality made it only a non repugnantia, and that the bygone were fructus bona fide percepti. But even as to the liferent in time coming, those in the back-bond may say, they will not let the rents appointed for their payment be misapplied to Stewart's debts, and the grandfather may die before a second gift is obtained, to frustrate Stewart's payment.

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## 1692. December 30. SIR ROBERT BAIRD against The EARL OF ABERDEEN.

SIR ROBERT BAIRD against the Earl of Aberdeen. The Lords preferred the Earl's right upon the disposition; and found Sir Robert Baird's adjudication, being against Arthur Udney, before he had any right, (Jack, his mother-in-law, and the proprietor of these fishings being then alive,) it could convey to Sir Robert no right; and that the supervenient title of his being husband to the apparent heir, after Jack's death, could not accress to Sir Robert, because jus accrescendidid more take place in voluntary rights than in legal diligences of adjudication, or the like. And so they moved the second ground, viz. That Arthur Udney never had right jure mariti, the same being excluded by his good-mother's disposition to Margaret Douglas, her daughter, and Arthur's wife, in liferent, and to Arthur's children by her in fee, with seclusion of his jus mariti, and creditors from any interest in it. Which the Lords had sustained in the year 1691, in George Lawson's process against the said Arthur.

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## 1693. January 3. Duke of Hamilton against Hamilton of Wishaw.

In the cause between the Duke of Hamilton, and William Hamilton of Wishaw; the Lords considered, though the years of the taxation expired in 1671, yet there were several arrears to be ingathered, which were not brought in for some time thereafter; which made it necessary to keep still the taxation chamber; and found the Duke liable for the mail of it from Whitsunday 1672, to Whitsunday 1676,